

DATE RAPE DRUGS

- Date rape drugs often have sedative, hypnotic, dissociative, and/or amnesiac effects, and can be added to a food or drink without the victim's knowledge.

IF A RAPE OCCURS, IMMEDIATELY DO THE FOLLOWING:

1. Get to a safe place, away from your attacker.



2. Call the police at 430-4711 or 911.



3. Go to a hospital emergency room (Lily Pad) to be checked. The hospital will examine the body of the rape victim for injuries and collect evidence the attacker may have left behind such as clothing fibers, hairs, saliva, or semen that may help identify him.

4. Don't bathe or change your clothes before you go to the hospital.

SEXUAL ASSAULT AND RAPE PREVENTION TIPS

DORM SAFETY ON CAMPUS:

- Lock your door when you go to sleep and when you are not in the room.
- Keep your window locked (especially if it is easy to enter from the ground).
- Notify the authorities if people prop open the door.
- If your dorm has an elevator, try to stay near the button dashboard when you are riding in it so that you have emergency access to the emergency button. Also, if you feel threatened, you can push the button for the next floor and leave immediately instead of waiting for the elevator to reach the floor where you live.
- Avoid isolated areas (stairways, laundry rooms, basement, etc.) when you are alone.

WALKING SAFETY ON CAMPUS:

- Save emergency responders phone numbers in your cell phone: Police Department.
- Save the phone numbers of family and friends in your cell phone as "ICE" for emergency responders to contact in the event of an emergency. Make sure your cell phone is easily accessible.
- Avoid dimly lit places and avoid walking alone whenever possible.
- Remain mentally alert and aware of your surroundings. Know your route and know what "safe" places are on it (Police Dept.).
- Be familiar with where the emergency phones are on campus shown with a blue light.
- Be aware of open buildings where you can use a phone. Take public paths rather than less populated shortcuts.
- Avoid music headphones in both ears so you will be aware of your surroundings.



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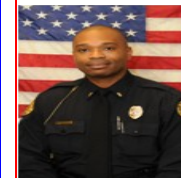
SEXUAL ASSAULT/RAPE PREVENTION



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SEXUAL ASSAULT AND RAPE STATISTICS AND DEFINITION

- Sexual assault affects many lives—both directly and indirectly. It is a crime that spans age, sexual orientation, religion, gender, and affects people of all socio-economic backgrounds and education levels. It is estimated that one in five women are raped and sexually assaulted on college campuses in the United States.
- While precise legal definitions vary by states and jurisdictions, rape is the term commonly used to mean forced sexual intercourse, including vaginal, and or oral penetration.
- Throughout this section, we use the terms sexual assault or sexual violence to refer to any unwanted sexual act against or without a person's consent—any sexual, physical, verbal, or visual, act that forces a person against their will to have unwanted sexual contact or attention.
- No matter what the circumstances of the crime are, sexual violence is a weapon used by perpetrators to hurt and dominate others—motivated by a need to control, humiliate and harm, *it is never a survivor's fault*.
- We understand how difficult the pain of these experiences can be, and we honor the strength, courage, and time it takes to survive and heal. It is our sincere hope and intention that the information and resources in this section can help along that journey.

SEXUAL ASSAULT AND RAPE STATISTICS



According to the U.S. Department of Justice, women aged 16-24 experience the highest per capita rate of intimate partner violence.

The following statistics were taken from The National Coalition Against Domestic Violence:

- 53% of victims of domestic violence were abused by a current or former boyfriend or girlfriend.
- 21% of college students report having experienced dating violence by a current partner. 32% experienced dating violence by a previous partner.
- 13% of college women report that they were forced to have sex by a dating partner.
- Among college students who were sexually assaulted, 35% of attempted rapes occurred on dates, 22% of threatened rapes occurred on dates, and 12% of completed rapes occurred on dates.
- **60% of acquaintance rapes on college campuses occur in casual or steady dating relationships.**

SEXUAL ASSAULT AND RAPE STATISTICS

- Over 13% of college women report they have been stalked. Of these, 42% were stalked by a boyfriend or ex-boyfriend.
- As many as one quarter of female students experience sexual assault over the course of their college career.
- Approximately 90% of victims of sexual assault on college campuses know their attacker.

COMMON TACTICS USED BY ABUSIVE PARTNERS

- Using intimidation, emotional abuse.
- Using isolation, minimizing, denying, blaming.
- Using children, male privilege, economic abuse, coercion, and threats.

DATE RAPE DRUGS

- **A date rape drug, also called a predator drug, is any drug that can be used to assist in the execution of drug facilitated sexual assault (DFSA).**

IN A SOCIAL SITUATION

- **Go a social gathering with a group of friends, not alone.**
- **Don't leave your drink unattended.**
- **Don't accept drinks from people you don't know.**
- **If you suspect a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately; call 911.**