

- EMTP 1127 Cardiovascular Emergencies for the Paramedic II** (3-0-3)
This course includes the remaining material from the cardiovascular portion of the medicine module of the National EMS Education Standards. Topics include anatomy and physiology of the cardiovascular system, cardiovascular assessment, atherosclerosis, coronary artery disease, risk factor identification and reduction, acute coronary syndrome, heart failure, sudden arrhythmic death, hypertensive emergencies, cardiogenic shock, abdominal aortic aneurysm, arterial occlusion, venous thrombosis, aortic dissection, thromboembolism, infectious disease of the heart and congenital heart defects. Units on artificial pacemakers, defibrillation, cardioversion, 12-lead EKGs, circulatory adjuncts, and ACLS algorithms are also included. At the conclusion of the course, students must successfully complete the American Heart Association's Advance Cardiac Life Support Course.
Prerequisite: Acceptance into the EMS program.
Corequisite: None.
Offered: Spring.
- EMTP 1132 Pathophysiology for the Paramedic** (2-0-2)
This course includes the material from the Pathophysiology section of the National EMS Education Standards. It includes units on basic cellular functions, adaptation, and injury. Units on fluid and electrolytes, abnormal fluids states, electrolyte imbalance and acid-base imbalance will be included. Additional units on the genetic and familial basis of disease, hypoperfusion, the immune response, inflammation and variances in immunity and inflammation will be included. A unit on stress and its role in disease will conclude the course.
Prerequisite: Acceptance into the EMS program.
Corequisite: None.
Offered: Fall.
- EMTP 1133 Paramedic Practicum III** (0-8-2)
This course is the third of three practicums designed to provide the student with the opportunity to perform a comprehensive history and physical examination to identify factors affecting the health and health needs of a patient. Formulate a field impression based on an analysis of comprehensive assessment findings, anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, and epidemiology. Relate assessment findings to underlying pathological and physiological changes in the patient's condition. Integrate and synthesize the multiple determinants of health and clinical care. Perform health screening and referrals. Effectively communicate in a manner that is culturally sensitive and intended to improve the patient outcome. Students will also have the opportunity to perform basic and advanced interventions as part of a treatment plan intended to mitigate the emergency, provide symptom relief, and improve the overall health of the patient in the clinical setting.
Prerequisite: Acceptance into the EMS program.
Corequisite: None.
Offered: Spring.