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the LGBT community has advanced far. From marriage, to being able to serve in the military. But now they fight for another battle. Transgender bathrooms. There are those for and those against the idea of transgender bathrooms. The following is pro transgender bathroom.

In an article done by John D Moore. He uses some popular arguments against the transgender bathrooms and then gives reason to why the argument Is invalid (Moore, 2017). The first argument is that of a transgender sexually assaulting someone while in the bathroom (Moore,2017). Moore uses examples of something hurling from space and hitting your house to say that the likely hood of that happening is slim to none. (Moore,2017). Moore stats that while sexual assault in any matter is bad. we need to first do our research before blaming it on transgender bathrooms (Moore, 2017).

Moore continues by using the 0.3-0.6% percentage of those who are transgender and compares that to the possibility of someone being sexually abused by a transgender person as a very small number (Moore,2017).

Moore breaks this down even further by saying that when looking at the numbers, “two thirds say they knew who assaulted them , 60% of sexual assault was done by someone the victim knew, like a personal partner, he uses an example of the 11,750 women dying in 2001 and 2012, due to assault by a past or present prison partner and uses these numbers to explain that the probability of a transgender person hurting a random person is even lower” (Moore,2017).

Moore goes on to say that “there are 400,000 sex offenders in the U.S. if you put those numbers up against the 0.3-0.6 percent who are transgender (Moore, 2017). You are looking at a .0006-.03 percent likelihood of a transgender person being a sexual predator” (Moore,2017).

Another argument is that of men pretending to be transgender, so they can hurt women and children. (Moore, 2017). Moore uses an example done from the ABC news, saying “that there are 200 municipalities and 18 states that allowed transgenders to use the restroom of their choice and in those states, none reported any assault or problems” (Moore, 2017).

Moore ends his article by flipping the argument and using a survey done by UCLA school of law to show that not only is the argument against transgender bathrooms not an issue but that in the survey, 70% of transgender people reported that they were the ones being assaulted and harassed while trying to go to the bathroom (Moore, 2017).

In another article done by representative Patricia Todd who argues that some of the problem is simply not knowing enough about the situation (Todd, 2016). She states that we as people are used to things being a certain way, and we they are not, we tend to get upset. (Todd, 2016). She then goes on to say that transgender people are like this, they don’t fit that comfortable state that we all are so used to.(Todd, 2016) This has created anger and in a sense panic. Todd explains that before we make irrational choices about the transgender bathrooms we must first seek education and knowledge on the matter, keep a open mind and get to know the transgender community (Todd,2016).

Todd uses an example by Times magazine to explain that there are several schools and states that have allowed transgender people into the bathroom of their choice and none have reported having a problem (Todd,2016). Todd, like Moore uses the same example from UCLA to say that 70% of transgender people reported having been bullied verbally and harassed while 10% says they were physically assaulted (Todd,2016). Todd uses another example from “The Child Molestation Research and Prevention Institute saying that 90% of a child’s molesters are from men in the family or friends of the family”(Todd,2016).